

Poultry Vaccination against Newcastle Diseases

Low-cost vaccination for poultry

The "Universal Vaccination against Newcastle Diseases" is a method for widespread vaccination in poultry. It includes thermostable vaccines, efficient logistics, easy application, and vaccinator training.



ND I-2 vaccine is available in small vials

INTERNATIONAL LIVESTOCK RESEARCH IN STITUTE

Research Institute (ILRI) Tunde Amole

This technology is <u>TAAT1 validated</u> .	111 7·7	Scaling readiness: idea maturity 7/9; level of use 7/9	Technology from ProPAS
Gender assessment	Climate impac		Commodities
Problem	Solution		Poultry
 High Mortality & Uptake: Newcastle disease causes high mortality in poultry, with limited vaccine uptake. Accessibility & Knowledge: Vaccine accesse disease knowledge are challenges. Vaccination Issues: Inconsistent application poor systems hinder effective vaccination. 		Thermostable & Broad Protection: Withstands	Sustainable Development Goals
	diverse NDV cess and • Strong Imm	variations and defends against strains. une Response & Ease of Use: ust immunity with simple	8 BEESH HORK AND ECONOMIC CONVIL
	olication and administration. • Safety & Long-lasting Pr		Categories
		ng-lasting Protection: Proven safe e, offering enduring protection.	Production, Inputs, Animal healthcare
			Best used with
 Key points to design your project The technology boosts women's empowerment, cuts carbon emissions, and aids SDGs 1, 2, and 5 by enhancing poultry health and income, and minimizing cold chain needs. Adopting the "Universal Vaccination against Newcastle Diseases" technology involves: 1. Stakeholder Engagement: Engage all relevant parties. 2. Awareness Raising: Educate decision makers on family poultry benefits. 3. Vaccine Selection: Opt for a suitable vaccine like ND I-2. 4. Training and Extension: Plan and organize essential training covering vaccine characteristics, campaign organization, and progress monitoring. 5. Cost-Recovery System: Cover production, distribution, and administration costs, possibly through 			Biosecurity for Disease <u>Prevention →</u>
			Tested/adopted in
			Tested & adopted Adopted Tasted Testing ongoing
			Where it can be used
consumer payments or government subsidies. Focus on cost minimization if the vaccine is free.			This technology can be used in the colored
 6. Vaccination Implementation: Vaccinate all chickens simultaneously. 7. Monitoring and Evaluation: Track program progress and impact. 			agro-ecological zones.
These activities should be systematically planned and executed.			
	0.02 USD		
A dose of the ND	I-2 vaccine, is inexpensive to	o administer	
2.5 USD	250 USD	∏ IP	Target groups
per round of vaccination for 20 loca chickens	l vaccination campaign at the village level	Open source / open access	Farmers