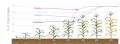
TAAT e-catalog for government

Pre-plant blended fertilizers and nitrogen topdressing for maize



Unlock Maize Potential with Balanced Fertilizer Bliss!

Pre-plant blended fertilizers for maize is a technology involved to carefully mixed solid granular fertilizers, including urea, calcium ammonium nitrate, and potassium chloride, to meet maize crop nutrient needs.





International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA) Jonga Munyaradzi

Technology from

ProPAS Commodities

Sustainable Development Goals





Categories

Production, Inputs, Fertilizer



Where it can be used

This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones.



Target groups

Farmers

This technology is **TAAT1** validated.

8.9

Gender assessment



Climate impact



Problem

- Traditional fertilizer application methods often lead to uneven nutrient distribution,
- · Improper dosages and application schedules of mineral fertilizers are common,
- · Inefficient nutrient application practices can lead to environmental losses, including nutrient runoff and leaching.

Solution

- · Implementing pre-plant blended fertilizers and nitrogen topdressing for precise and efficient nutrient delivery,
- Providing specific nutrient blends to address inadequate nutrient supply for healthier and more productive maize crops.
- · Promoting responsible fertilizer use through carefully formulated blends and split applications, minimizing wastage

Key points to design your project

The technology of pre-plant blended fertilizers and nitrogen topdressing for maize offers several benefits. Key steps to integrate this technology include:

- Identifying appropriate formulations, developing mixing protocols, brokering market entries,
- · Conducting farmer demonstrations, providing financial support,
- Estimating required quantities, budgeting costs, allocating funds for training and support, developing communication materials, and forming partnerships with relevant stakeholders.

0.3-0.5 ton/ha

30 %

57 %

Trademark

Grain yield increase

N uptake increase

P uptake increase

