



Gender assessment

Problem

Cage Systems for Fish farming

Cage Culture: Dive Deep for a Sustainable Leap!

This technology is **TAAT1 validated**.

• Space and Control: Traditional fish farming

• Water Quality: In other forms, especially in

causing problems like low oxygen levels and

• Environmental Impact: Some methods can

negatively impact the environment, such as

causing pollution from waste products.

• Unpredictable Events: In open waters,

upwelling events can drastically change

conditions in the cage, affecting fish health.

harmful substance buildup.

requires large, expensive land and lacks control in

open waters, leading to losses from predators and

small ponds, water quality can deteriorate quickly

Cage Systems for Fish Culturing is a method where young fish are grown in submerged cages in large water bodies. The cages protect the fish, provide nourishment, and monitor their health. Once mature, the fish are harvested. This technique allows for natural, secure, and regulated fish farming, akin to a floating aquaculture facility.







Climate impact





Sustainable Development Goals



Commodities



Categories

Production, Equipment, Aquaculture Systems

Best used with

- All Male Tilapia Fingerlings with Greater Yield and <u>Uniformity</u> >
- Fast Growing and Hybrid African Catfish >

150 USD Fish cage of 8 cubic meter



Open source / open access

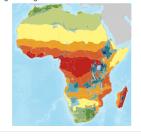
Solution

- Space and Control: Cage systems efficiently use water bodies, reducing the need for large land areas and providing a controlled environment for
- Water Quality: They help manage water quality issues common in other forms of aquaculture.
- Environmental Impact: Cage systems aim to minimize the environmental impact of
- Upwelling Events: High-tech solutions have emerged to predict and mitigate upwelling events.





This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones.



Target groups

Fish Farmers

